The Internal Medicine Milestone Project

A Joint Initiative of
The Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education
and
The American Board of Internal Medicine



The Internal Medicine Milestone Project

The Milestones are designed only for use in evaluation of resident physicians in the context of their participation in ACGME accredited residency or fellowship programs. The Milestones provide a framework for the assessment of the development of the resident physician in key dimensions of the elements of physician competency in a specialty or subspecialty. They neither represent the entirety of the dimensions of the six domains of physician competency, nor are they designed to be relevant in any other context.

Internal Medicine Milestone Group

Chair: William Iobst, MD

Eva Aagaard, MD

Hasan Bazari, MD

Timothy Brigham, MDiv, PhD

Roger W. Bush, MD

Kelly Caverzagie, MD

Davoren Chick, MD

Michael Green, MD

Kevin Hinchey, MD

Eric Holmboe, MD

Sarah Hood, MS

Gregory Kane, MD

Lynne Kirk, MD

Lauren Meade, MD

Cynthia Smith, MD

Susan Swing, PhD

Milestone Reporting

This document presents milestones designed for programs to use in semi-annual review of resident performance and reporting to the ACGME. Milestones are knowledge, skills, attitudes, and other attributes for each of the ACGME competencies that describe the development of competence from an early learner up to and beyond that expected for unsupervised practice. In the initial years of implementation, the Review Committee will examine milestone performance data for each program's residents as one element in the Next Accreditation System (NAS) to determine whether residents overall are progressing.

The internal medicine milestones are arranged in columns of progressive stages of competence that do not correspond with post-graduate year of education. For each reporting period, programs will need to review the milestones and identify those milestones that best describe a resident's current performance and ultimately select a box that best represents the summary performance for that sub-competency (See the figure on page v.). Selecting a response box in the middle of a column implies that the resident has substantially demonstrated those milestones, as well as those in previous columns. Selecting a response box on a line in between columns indicates that milestones in the lower columns have been substantially demonstrated, as well as some milestones in the higher column.

A general interpretation of each column for internal medicine is as follows:

Critical Deficiencies: These learner behaviors are not within the spectrum of developing competence. Instead they indicate significant deficiencies in a resident's performance.

Column 2: Describes behaviors of an early learner.

Column 3: Describes behaviors of a resident who is advancing and demonstrating improvement in performance related to milestones.

Ready for Unsupervised Practice: Describes behaviors of a resident who substantially demonstrates the milestones identified for a physician who is ready for unsupervised practice. This column is designed as the graduation target, but the resident may display these milestones at any point during residency.

Aspirational: Describes behaviors of a resident who has advanced beyond those milestones that describe unsupervised practice. These milestones reflect the competence of an expert or role model and can be used by programs to facilitate further professional growth. It is expected that only a few exceptional residents will demonstrate these milestones behaviors.

For each ACGME competency domain, programs will also be asked to provide a summative evaluation of each resident's learning trajectory.

Additional Notes

The "Ready for Unsupervised Practice" milestones are designed as the graduation *target* but *do not* represent a graduation *requirement*. Making decisions about readiness for graduation is the purview of the residency program director (See the following NAS FAQ for educational milestones on the ACGME's NAS microsite for further discussion of this issue: "Can a resident graduate if they do not reach every milestone?"). Study of milestone performance data will be required before the ACGME and its partners will be able to determine whether the "Ready for Unsupervised Practice" milestones and all other milestones are in the appropriate stage within the developmental framework, and whether milestone data are of sufficient quality to be used for high stakes decisions.

Answers to Frequently Asked Questions about the Next Accreditation System (NAS) and milestones are available on the ACGME's NAS microsite: http://www.acgme-nas.org/assets/pdf/NASFAQs.pdf.

The diagram below presents an example set of milestones for one sub-competency in the same format as the milestone report worksheet. For each reporting period, a resident's performance on the milestones for each sub-competency will be indicated by:

• selecting the column of milestones that best describes that resident's performance

<u>or</u>

• selecting the "Critical Deficiencies" response box

Critical Deficiencies				Ready	y for unsup	ervised pra	ctice		Aspirat	ional	
Disregards need for communication at time of transition	Inconsistently utilizes available resources to coordinate and ensure safe and effective patient care	Recognizes the import communication during of transition		resour and en	ces to coo sures safe	ilizes availa rdinate ca and effect nin and acr	re tive	to op	dinates care s health de timize patie ase efficien	livery sys ent safety	tems y,
Does not respond to requests of caregivers in other	within and across delivery systems	Communication with f caregivers is present b lapses in pertinent or t	ut with	deliver	y systems			high o	quality pati	ent outco	omes
delivery systems	Written and verbal care plans during times of transition are incomplete or absent Inefficient transitions of care lead to unnecessary expense or risk to a patient (e.g. duplication of tests readmission)	information	,	past ar		care givers		provide appround those	ivers and for ders and ta opriate step needs models and tive transiti	kes os to addr	eress
Comments:											
column implies	onse box in the middle of a milestones in that column previous columns have be monstrated.	as	colum been s	ns indi substar	cates tha	monstra	ones ii ted as	n lowe well a	er levels h	nave	

INTERNAL MEDICINE MILESTONES

ACGME Report Worksheet

Critical Deficiencies			Ready for unsupervised practice	Aspirational
Does not collect accurate historical data	Inconsistently able to acquire accurate historical information in an organized fashion	Consistently acquires accurate and relevant histories from patients	Acquires accurate histories from patients in an efficient, prioritized, and hypothesisdriven fashion	Obtains relevant historical subtleties, including sensitive information that informs the differential diagnosis
Does not use		Seeks and obtains data from		
physical exam to confirm history	Does not perform an appropriately thorough physical exam or misses key	secondary sources when needed	Performs accurate physical exams that are targeted to the patient's complaints	Identifies subtle or unusual physical exam findings
Relies exclusively on documentation of others to generate own database or	physical exam findings Does not seek or is overly reliant on secondary data	Consistently performs accurate and appropriately thorough physical exams	Synthesizes data to generate a prioritized differential diagnosis and problem list	Efficiently utilizes all sources of secondary data to inform differential diagnosis
differential diagnosis		Uses collected data to define		Role models and teaches the
Fails to recognize patient's central clinical problems	Inconsistently recognizes patients' central clinical problem or develops limited differential diagnoses	a patient's central clinical problem(s)	Effectively uses history and physical examination skills to minimize the need for further diagnostic testing	effective use of history and physical examination skills to minimize the need for further diagnostic testing
Fails to recognize potentially life threatening problems				

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Critical Deficiencies											Rea	dy fo	or unsup	ervi	sed pra	ctice			Aspirat	ional	
Care plans are	Ħ	Inconsisten	tly develo	ps an	C	Consi	stently	dev	elops		Арр	opri	ately m	odif	ies car	e plan	s Role	mod	els and	teach	es
consistently		appropriate	care pla	n	a	appro	priate	care	plan		base	d on	patien	t's c	linical d	course	, com	plex a	nd pat	ient-ce	entered
inappropriate or											addi	tiona	al data,	and	patien	t	care				
inaccurate		Inconsisten	tly seeks		F	Recog	nizes s	itua	tions		pref	eren	ces								
		additional g	guidance v	when	r	equi	ing urg	gent	or eme	ergent							Dev	elops	custon	nized,	
Does not react to		needed care									Reco	gniz	es disea	ase			prio	ritized	d care p	olans fo	or the
situations that											pres	enta	tions th	nat d	eviate	from	mos	t com	plex pa	atients	,
require urgent or	Seeks additional guidance presentations that common patterns									ns ar	nd requ	iire	inco	rpora	ting dia	agnosti	c				
emergent care					r consi		_		com	plex	decisio	n- m	aking		unc	ertain	ty and	cost			
					a	appro	priate										effe	ctiver	ess pri	nciples	5
Does not seek											Man	ages	comple	ex a	cute an	ıd					
additional guidance											chro	nic d	liseases	6							
when needed																					
Comments:		•																			

Critical Deficiencies										Ready	for unsu	ıperv	ised pra	ctice		As	piration	al
Cannot advance	Requires dir	rect sup	ervi	sion	Requi	res ind	irect	superv	ision	Indepe	ndently	man	ages pa	tients			nusual, r	are, or
beyond the need for	to ensure pa	atient sa	fet	/	to en	sure pa	tient	safety	and	across i	npatien	t and	d ambul	atory	comp	olex dis	orders	
direct supervision in	and quality	care			qualit	y care				clinical	settings	who	have a	1				
the delivery of										broad s	pectrun	n of	clinical					
patient care	Inconsistent	tly mana	ages		Provi	des app	ropr	riate		disorde	rs inclu	ding						
	simple amb	ulatory			preve	ntive c	are a	and chr	onic	undiffe	rentiate	d sy	ndrome	S				
Cannot manage	complaints	or comr	non		disea	se man	agen	nent in	the									
patients who	chronic dise	eases			ambu	latory s	ettii	ng		Seeks a	dditiona	al gu	idance					
require urgent or										and/or	consulta	atior	n as					
emergent care	Inconsistent	tly provi	des		Provi	des cor	npre	hensiv	care	approp	riate							
	preventive of	care in t	he		for si	ngle or	mult	tiple										
Does not assume	ambulatory	setting			diagn	oses in	the	inpatie	nt	Approp	riately r	nana	ages					
responsibility for					settir	g				situatio	ns requ	iring	urgent	or				
patient	Inconsistent	tly mana	ages							emerge	nt care							
management	patients wit	:h			Unde	r super	visio	n, prov	ides									
decisions	straightforw	vard dia	gno	ses	appro	priate	care	in the		Effectiv	ely supe	ervis	es the					
	in the inpati	ient set	ing		inten	sive car	e ur	nit		manage team	ement d	ecisi	ons of t	he				
	Unable to m	nanage (com	plex	Initia	tes mar	nage	ment p	lans									
	inpatients o	r patien	ts		for u	gent o	rem	ergent	care									
	requiring in	tensive	care	<u> </u>														
					Cann	ot inde	pend	dently										
					supe	vise ca	re pi	rovided	by									
					junio	r memb	ers	of the										
					physi	cian-le	d tea	ım										
Comments:									_									

Version 07/2014

4. Skill in performing	g p	rocedures	. (PC4)												
Critical Deficiencies								Ready	for unsup	ervised pra	ctice		Aspirat	ional	
Attempts to perform procedures without sufficient technical skill or		Possesses i technical sl completion procedures	kill for safe of comm	е	for	mplet	technic tion of s dures	succes	sfully perf Iures requ	cal skill an ormed all ired for	d has	and s	•	nt comfort performin	
supervision Unwilling to perform procedures when qualified and necessary for patient care												perfo (beyo certif antici Teach perfo	nd those received the control of the	nal procedu equired for	ice s by
Comments:															

questions or patient concerns of others other	sistently manage nts as a consultar		Provid	des cons	cul+	a+: a.a. a.	 _					_			
when acting as a care t	physicians/healt eams		probl	ntients v ems req sment	vith	clinica	for p	atients	with ical p	tion serv basic and roblems I risk	d	consu	hes betwee Iltant and p cian with ea	rimary	
services asses	sistently applies of sment principles on the second contract of the	to	quest	meaning ions thans	at gu		Аррі	ssment opriatel mmenda	•	_		for pa	des consulta itients with al problems sive risk ass	very o	complex ring
for patient care clinical	Iltant sistently formula al question for a Iltant to address	tes a						ultants i ctively m		ler to se patien	t care	recon	ges discord nmendatior ole consulta	s fron	n

Patient Care

6. Clinical knowledge	e	(MK1)															
Critical Deficiencies									Ready	for unsup	ervised pra	ctice			Aspira	tional	
Lacks the scientific, socioeconomic or behavioral knowledge required to provide patient care		Possesses insufficies scientific, socioeco and behavioral know required to provide common medical conditions and bas preventive care	nomic wledge e care for	socioe know provid media	sses the econom ledge re de care cal cond ntive ca	ic and equire for co litions	d beh	avioral on	socioed knowle care fo conditi	edge requi r complex	nd behavi red to pro	vide	soo kno suo tre am	cioed owle ccess eat m	ses the so conomic a edge requ sfully diag nedically uous and ions	and beha ired to gnose and uncomm	d on,
Comments:																	

Critical Deficiencies			Ready for unsupervised practice	Aspirational
Lacks foundational knowledge to apply diagnostic testing and procedures to	Inconsistently interprets basic diagnostic tests accurately	Consistently interprets basic diagnostic tests accurately	Interprets complex diagnostic tests accurately	Anticipates and accounts for pitfalls and biases when interpreting diagnostic tests and procedures
patient care	Does not understand the concepts of pre-test probability and test performance characteristics Minimally understands the rationale and risks associated with common procedures	Needs assistance to understand the concepts of pre-test probability and test performance characteristics Fully understands the rationale and risks associated with common procedures	Understands the concepts of pre-test probability and test performance characteristics Teaches the rationale and risks associated with common procedures and anticipates potential complications when performing procedures	Pursues knowledge of new and emerging diagnostic tests and procedures
Comments:				

Medical Knowledge

Yes	. No	Conditi	ional on Im	provement
	1		Cital Oil IIII	provenienc

Critical Deficiencies											Ready	for unsu	ıper	vised pra	ctice		As	piratio	nal	
Refuses to recognize the contributions of other interprofessional team members	t r u	dentifies ro eam mem not recogni utilize then	bers k ize ho n as ro	out do ow/wh esourc	es en to	respo mem ineffe	nsibiliti pers bu ctively	es o t use	roles a f all tea es them	m	respo effect memb	rstands t nsibilitie: ively par pers of th	s of tnei ne te	and rs with, eam		team such maxi	rates al into th that ea mize th of the p	e care ch is al eir skil	of pa ole to Is in t	atients O
Frustrates team members with inefficiency and errors	r	requently eminders complete p esponsibil amily, ento	from hysic ities (team i ian e.g. ta		discu does	not acti	vher vely	am requir seek ir membo	put	meeti	ely engag ngs and on-makii	colla		e	activ mem View mem	ently co ities of bers to ed by o bers as ery of h	other to optime ther to a lead	eam ize ca am er in	are the

9. Recognizes system	1 6	error and ad	vocates	for sys	tem in	nprove	emer	nt. (SP	B2)												
Critical Deficiencies										Rea	ady 1	for uns	uper	vised p	ractice			As	pirati	onal	
Ignores a risk for		Does not rec	ognize th	е	Recog	nizes tl	ne po	otentia	l for	Iden	tifie	es syste	emic	causes	of	Adv	oca	tes f	or sys	tem	
error within the		potential for	system e	rror	error	within t	the s	ystem		med	ical	error	and	navigat	tes			•		•	engage
system that may										then	n to	provid	de sa	ıfe pati	ent			•		ice and	
impact the care of a		Makes decisi	ons that o	could	Identi	fies obv	vious	or crit	ical	care						qua	lity	impı	rovem	nent a	ctivities
patient		lead to error	which are	9	cause	s of err	or ar	nd noti	fies												
		otherwise co	rrected b	y the	super	visor ac	cord	lingly						patien	t care	_			leade	_	
Ignores feedback		system or sup	pervision							and	opti	imal pa	atier	it care				_			ing for
and is unwilling to					Recog	gnizes tl	he po	otentia	l risk	syste	ems					the	pre	vent	ion of	f medi	cal
change behavior in		Resistant to f	eedback	about	for er	ror in th	ne im	nmedia	te							erro	r				
order to reduce the		decisions tha	•		-	m and t			•			s form									
risk for error		error or othe	rwise cau	ise	steps	to mitig	gate	that ris	sk					tigate a						_	ng the
		harm									-		r po	tential						-	ing and
						ig to red				med	ical	error				miti	gat	ing s	ystem	error	
						t decisio			-												
					to err	or or of	therv	wise ca	use			•		learns							
					harm									nts tha	t may						
										lead	to r	medica	al err	or							
Comments:	_																				
Comments.																					

10. Identifies forces	that impact the cost of heal	th care, and advocates for, and	d practices cost-effective care. (S	SBP3)
Critical Deficiencies			Ready for unsupervised practice	Aspirational
Ignores cost issues in the provision of care	Lacks awareness of external factors (e.g. socio-economic, cultural, literacy, insurance status) that	Recognizes that external factors influence a patient's utilization of health care and may act as barriers to cost-	Consistently works to address patient specific barriers to costeffective care	Teaches patients and healthcare team members to recognize and address common barriers to cost-
Demonstrates no effort to overcome barriers to cost-	impact the cost of health care and the role that external stakeholders (e.g.	effective care Minimizes unnecessary	Advocates for cost-conscious utilization of resources (i.e. emergency department visits,	effective care and appropriate utilization of resources
effective care	providers, suppliers, financers, purchasers) have on the cost of care	diagnostic and therapeutic tests Possesses an incomplete	hospital readmissions) Incorporates cost-awareness principles into standard clinical	Actively participates in initiatives and care delivery models designed to overcome or mitigate barriers to cost-
	Does not consider limited health care resources when ordering diagnostic or therapeutic interventions	understanding of cost- awareness principles for a population of patients (e.g. screening tests)	judgments and decision-making, including screening tests	effective high quality care
Comments:				

Critical Deficiencies			Ready for unsupervised practice	Aspirational
Disregards need for	Inconsistently utilizes	Recognizes the importance of	Appropriately utilizes available	Coordinates care within and
communication at	available resources to	communication during times	resources to coordinate care	across health delivery systems
time of transition	coordinate and ensure safe	of transition	and ensures safe and effective	to optimize patient safety,
	and effective patient care		patient care within and across	increase efficiency and ensure
Does not respond to	within and across delivery	Communication with future	delivery systems	high quality patient outcomes
requests of	systems	caregivers is present but with		
caregivers in other		lapses in pertinent or timely	Proactively communicates with	Anticipates needs of patient,
delivery systems	Written and verbal care	information	past and future care givers to	caregivers and future care
	plans during times of		ensure continuity of care	providers and takes
	transition are incomplete			appropriate steps to address
	or absent			those needs
	Inefficient transitions of			Role models and teaches
	care lead to unnecessary			effective transitions of care
	expense or risk to a patient			
	(e.g. duplication of tests			
	readmission)			
Comments:				

Systems-based Practice

Version 07/2014

Critical Deficiencies			Ready for unsupervised practice	Aspirational
Unwilling to self-	Unable to self-reflect upon	Inconsistently self-reflects	Regularly self-reflects upon	Regularly self-reflects and
reflect upon one's	one's practice or	upon one's practice or	one's practice or performance	seeks external validation
practice or	performance	performance and	and consistently acts upon those	regarding this reflection to
performance		inconsistently acts upon those	reflections to improve practice	maximize practice
	Misses opportunities for	reflections		improvement
Not concerned with	learning and self-		Recognizes sub-optimal practice	
opportunities for	improvement	Inconsistently acts upon	or performance as an	Actively engages in self-
learning and self-	'	opportunities for learning and	opportunity for learning and	improvement efforts and
improvement		self-improvement	self-improvement	reflects upon the experience
'		·	·	'
Comments:	<u> </u>			

13. Learns and impro	ove	s via per	forn	nance	audit	t. (F	PBLI2																
Critical Deficiencies												Rea	dy for	unsup	ervis	ed pra	ctice			Aspii	ation	al	
Disregards own clinical performance data		imited aw desire to a clinical per	naly	ze own			perfoi identi		e da port	inical ta and tunities	for	perfo	rman	own clir nce dat mprove	a and		•	perf	orn	monit nance t urces			
Demonstrates no inclination to participate in or even consider the results of quality improvement efforts	i 1 1	Nominally quality imporojects Not familia principles, mportance mproveme	rov ir wi tech	ement th the	or		Effect qualit Unde princi qualit appre to ass	ively p y impro rstands ples ar y impro eciates	artic over s con nd te over the d im	cipates i ment pr mmon echniqu ment ar respons prove c	oject es of id sibility	Demo apply techr impro	ovem onstra com iques	ngages ent init ates the mon pe s of qua ent to I of pat	tiativ e abi rincip ality impr	lity to oles a	nd	impr Utilia and impr	zes tec ove	o lead ement comm hnique ement e care f	proje on pr s of c to co	incipl quality ntinu	/ ously
Comments:																							

Version 07/2014

14. Learns and impro	οv	es via	eedba	ack. (PB	LI3)																
Critical Deficiencies											Rea	ly for unsu	per	vised pra	ctice			Asp	oiratio	nal	
Never solicits feedback		·		eedback unsolicit			s feedk visors	oack	only fr	om	Solicits feedback from all members of the interprofessional team and					r	Performance continuously reflects incorporation of solicited and unsolicited				
Actively resists feedback from		feedba fashior		defensi	ve	Is ope feedb	n to un ack	isoli	cited		patie	nts				f	eedb	ack			
others		•	perfo	or super rmance		Incon feedb		ly in	corpora	ates	Welcomes unsolicited feedback Consistently incorporates feedback					o recoi		•	arate or		
Comments:												[

Critical Deficiencies			Ready for unsupervised practice	Aspirational
Fails to acknowledge uncertainty and reverts to a reflexive patterned response	Rarely "slows down" to reconsider an approach to a problem, ask for help, or seek new information	Inconsistently "slows down" to reconsider an approach to a problem, ask for help, or seek new information	Routinely "slows down" to reconsider an approach to a problem, ask for help, or seek new information	Searches medical information resources efficiently, guided by the characteristics of clinical questions
even when inaccurate	Can translate medical information needs into	Can translate medical information needs into well-	Routinely translates new medical information needs into	Role models how to appraise clinical research reports based
Fails to seek or apply evidence	well-formed clinical questions with assistance	formed clinical questions independently	well-formed clinical questions	on accepted criteria
when necessary	Unfamiliar with strengths and weaknesses of the medical literature	Aware of the strengths and weaknesses of medical information resources but	Utilizes information technology with sophistication Independently appraises clinical	Has a systematic approach to track and pursue emerging clinical questions
	Has limited awareness of or ability to use information	utilizes information technology without sophistication	research reports based on accepted criteria	
	technology	With assistance, appraises		
	Accepts the findings of clinical research studies without critical appraisal	clinical research reports, based on accepted criteria		

Practice-Based Learning and Improvement

,	Yes	No)	Conditional	on	Improver	nent

Critical Deficiencies			Ready for unsupervised practice	Aspirational
Lacks empathy and	Inconsistently	Consistently respectful in	Demonstrates empathy,	Role models compassion,
compassion for	demonstrates empathy,	interactions with patients,	compassion and respect to	empathy and respect for
patients and	compassion and respect for	_	patients and caregivers in all	patients and caregivers
caregivers	patients and caregivers	the interprofessional team,	situations	
		even in challenging situations		Role models appropriate
Disrespectful in	Inconsistently		Anticipates, advocates for, and	anticipation and advocacy for
interactions with	demonstrates	Is available and responsive to	proactively works to meet the	patient and caregiver needs
patients, caregivers	responsiveness to patients'	needs and concerns of	needs of patients and caregivers	
and members of the	and caregivers' needs in an	patients, caregivers and		Fosters collegiality that
interprofessional	appropriate fashion	members of the	Demonstrates a responsiveness	promotes a high-functioning
team		interprofessional team to	to patient needs that	interprofessional team
	Inconsistently considers	ensure safe and effective care	supersedes self-interest	
Sacrifices patient	patient privacy and			Teaches others regarding
needs in favor of	autonomy	Emphasizes patient privacy	Positively acknowledges input of	maintaining patient privacy
own self-interest		and autonomy in all	members of the	and respecting patient
		interactions	interprofessional team and	autonomy
Blatantly disregards			incorporates that input into plan	
respect for patient			of care as appropriate	
privacy and				
autonomy				

17. Accepts responsi	ibility and follows through o	n tasks. (PROF2)		
Critical Deficiencies			Ready for unsupervised practice	Aspirational
Is consistently	Completes most assigned	Completes administrative and	Prioritizes multiple competing	Role models prioritizing
unreliable in completing patient	tasks in a timely manner but may need multiple	patient care tasks in a timely manner in accordance with	demands in order to complete tasks and responsibilities in a	multiple competing demands in order to complete tasks and
care responsibilities or assigned	reminders or other support	local practice and/or policy	timely and effective manner	responsibilities in a timely and effective manner
administrative tasks	Accepts professional responsibility only when	Completes assigned professional responsibilities	Willingness to assume professional responsibility	Assists others to improve their
Shuns responsibilities expected of a physician professional	assigned or mandatory	without questioning or the need for reminders	regardless of the situation	ability to prioritize multiple, competing tasks
Comments:				

Critical Deficiencies			Ready for unsupervised practice	Aspirational
Is insensitive to differences related to culture, ethnicity, gender, race, age, and religion in the	Is sensitive to and has basic awareness of differences related to culture, ethnicity, gender, race, age and religion in the patient/caregiver	Seeks to fully understand each patient's unique characteristics and needs based upon culture, ethnicity, gender, religion, and personal preference	Recognizes and accounts for the unique characteristics and needs of the patient/ caregiver Appropriately modifies care plan to account for a patient's unique	Role models professional interactions to negotiate differences related to a patient's unique characteristics or needs
patient/caregiver encounter Is unwilling to modify care plan to account for a patient's unique characteristics and needs	encounter Requires assistance to modify care plan to account for a patient's unique characteristics and needs	Modifies care plan to account for a patient's unique characteristics and needs with partial success	characteristics and needs	Role models consistent respect for patient's unique characteristics and needs

Critical Deficiencies			Ready for unsupervised practice	Aspirational
Dishonest in clinical	Honest in clinical	Honest and forthright in	Demonstrates integrity,	Assists others in adhering to
interactions,	interactions,	clinical interactions,	honesty, and accountability to	ethical principles and
documentation,	documentation, research,	documentation, research, and	patients, society and the	behaviors including integrity,
research, or	and scholarly activity.	scholarly activity	profession	honesty, and professional
scholarly activity	Requires oversight for			responsibility
	professional actions	Demonstrates accountability	Actively manages challenging	·
Refuses to be		for the care of patients	ethical dilemmas and conflicts of	Role models integrity,
accountable for	Has a basic understanding	·	interest	honesty, accountability and
personal actions	of ethical principles, formal	Adheres to ethical principles		professional conduct in all
	policies and procedures,	for documentation, follows	Identifies and responds	aspects of professional life
Does not adhere to	and does not intentionally	formal policies and	appropriately to lapses of	
basic ethical	disregard them	procedures, acknowledges	professional conduct among	Regularly reflects on personal
principles		and limits conflict of interest,	peer group	professional conduct
' '		and upholds ethical		•
Blatantly disregards		expectations of research and		
formal policies or		scholarly activity		
procedures.				
•				
Comments:				

Professionalism

,	Yes	No	Conditional	on	Improvement

Critical Deficiencies										Ready	for unsu	pervised		Aspirational								
Ignores patient	Eng	ages pat	ients in		Engag	es patie	ents	in shar	ed	Identifi	es and ir	corpora	Role	Role models effective								
preferences for plan	disc	cussions	of care pla	ns	decisi	on mak	ing i	in		patient	prefere	nce in sh	nared	communication and								
of care	and	respect	s patient		uncor	nplicate	ed co	onversa	tions	decisio	n making	g across	a wide	deve	development of therapeutic relationships in both routine							
	pre	ferences	when off	ered						variety	of patie	nt care										
Makes no attempt		•	nt, but do		Requi	Requires assistance facilitating					sations		and o	and challenging situations								
to engage patient in	acti	vely soli	cit prefere	nces.	discussions in difficult or ambiguous conversations Requires guidance or assistance to engage in																	
shared decision-										Quickly establishes a therapeutic relationship with patients and caregivers, including persons of different					Models cross-cultural							
making	Atte	empts to	develop												communication and establishes therapeutic relationships with persons of							
	the	rapeutic	relationsh	nips																		
Routinely engages		n patient																				
in antagonistic or	care	egivers b	ut is ofter	1	communication with persons				rsons	socioeconomic and cultural					diverse socioeconomic							
counter-therapeutic	uns	uccessfu	ıl					econor	-	backgr	ounds			backgrounds								
relationships with					and c	ultural	back	kground	ls													
patients and		ers diffic								Incorporates patient-specific												
caregivers	ambiguous conversations									preferences into plan of care												
	to c	thers																				
	Ц	I -	_							_	Г											
Comments:																						

21. Communicates e personnel). (ICS2)	ffe	ectively in	interprof	ession	al te	ams	(e.g.	pee	ers, co	nsultan	ts,	nursi	ing, anci	llaı	ry profe	essior	als an	d oth	er su	port		
Critical Deficiencies												Ready	for unsu	oerv	vised pra	ctice			Aspirat	ional		
Utilizes communication strategies that hamper collaboration and teamwork Verbal and/or non- verbal behaviors disrupt effective collaboration with team members	Uses unidirectional communication that fails to utilize the wisdom of the team Resists offers of collaborative input					Inconsistently engages in collaborative communication with appropriate members of the team Inconsistently employs verbal, non-verbal, and written communication strategies that facilitate collaborative care						Consistently and actively engages in collaborative communication with all members of the team Verbal, non-verbal and written communication consistently acts to facilitate collaboration with the team to enhance patient care						Role models and teaches collaborative communication with the team to enhance patient care, even in challenging settings and with conflicting team member opinions				
Comments:																						

22. Appropriate utili	22. Appropriate utilization and completion of health records. (ICS3)																					
Critical Deficiencies												Ready	for unsu	perviso	ed prac	tice			Aspira	tiona	ı	
Health records are absent or missing significant portions of important clinical data	Health records are disorganized and inaccurate					a s o	Health records are organized and accurate but are superficial and miss key data or fail to communicate clinical reasoning						Health records are organized, accurate, comprehensive, and effectively communicate clinical reasoning Health records are succinct, relevant, and patient specific					Role models and teaches importance of organized, accurate and comprehensive health records that are succinct and patient specific				
Comments:																						

Interpersonal and Communications Skills

The resident is	demonstratir	ng satisfactory development of the knowledge, skill, and attitudes/behaviors needed to advance in training. They are
demonstrating	a learning tra	jectory that anticipates the achievement of competency for unsupervised practice that includes the delivery of safe,
effective, patier	nt-centered,	timely, efficient and equitable care.
Yes	No	Conditional on Improvement

Overall Clinical Competence

This	rating represents the assessment of the resident's development of overall clinical competence during this year of training:
	Superior: Far exceeds the expected level of development for this year of training
	Satisfactory: Always meets and occasionally exceeds the expected level of development for this year of training
	Conditional on Improvement: Meets some developmental milestones but occasionally falls short of the expected level of development for this year of training. An improvement plan is in place to facilitate achievement of competence appropriate to the level of training.
	Unsatisfactory: Consistently falls short of the expected level of development for this year of training.